

Technical Data Sheet

94-167 RLC Matte Flex Color Shield Coating

94-167 RLC Matte Flex Color Shield Coating is a low viscosity, UV curable clear coating designed to be used via flexographic, gravure, roller coater or blanket coater applications. This product has added UV inhibitor properties. It is recommended to be used where the end use application calls for a clear coating with excellent mar, chemical and moisture resistance.

Substrates

- Polystyrene
- Paper and Board
- ABS
- ACM
- PVC

Substrate recommendations are based on commonly available materials intended for the coating's specific market when the coating is processed according to this technical data. While technical information and advice on the use of this product is provided in good faith, the User bears sole responsibility for selecting the appropriate product for their end-use requirements. Reference the 'Quality Statement' at the end of this document.

Directions for Use

Pretest for adhesion to all substrates prior to production printing, as well as, other properties to determine suitability. Mix well prior to each use.

Surface

A clean dry surface is preferred for superior adhesion.

Roller Blanket

A 15-50 durometer (Shore A Hardness) polyurethane is the recommended range.

Coverage

Estimated 2,500 – 3,500 square feet (**295 – 390** square meters) per gallon depending upon coating deposit. See www.kolorcure.com for examples of coverage calculations.

Cleanup

Use a press wash or roller coat cleaner. Check with your equipment supplier that the products are suitable for use with rollers.

Additives

When required, additives should be mixed well before each use. Test any additive adjustments to the coating prior to production. Coatings containing additives should not be mixed with other inks or coatings.

To lower the viscosity which will enhance the transfer of the coating through the screen, use **Thinner #1 (Diluent)**.

To increase curing speeds add **Activator #330 (Sensitizer)**. To eliminate bubbles resulting from the screening process, add **Anti-Bubble #2**.

To eliminate "fish eyes" in the wet ink film add Flow Promoter.

Printing

Mix the coating thoroughly prior to printing to prevent inconsistent color and coating performance.

Coating temperature should be maintained at 65°-90°F (18°-32°C) for optimum print and cure performance. Lower temperatures will increase the coating viscosity which impairs flow and increases film thickness. Elevated temperatures will lower the coating viscosity which reduces print definition and film thickness.

Keep coating away from direct sun light and indirect white light. Be cautious using the coating in areas having overhead lights, skylights, or windows as stray UV light can cause the coating to cure in the screen. Light filters are recommended. Ambient lighting may affect uncovered containers of coating, forming a skin on the coating's surface. Keep containers covered.

Curing

94-167 RLC Matte Flex Color Shield Coating cures in air upon exposure to a single 600+ mW/cm² medium pressure mercury vapor lamp. For an optimal cure a 140–180 mJ/cm² window is required. Cure speed will vary depending on film thickness.

These guidelines are intended only as a starting point for establishing cure parameters, which must be determined under actual production conditions. If a loss of gloss, adhesion, or block resistance occurs due to insufficient cure, the use of mixing base can increase light penetration and improve cure. In addition, faster curing speeds can be achieved by adding 3-5% liquid sensitizer.

Storage

All KOLORCURE photopolymer inks and coatings should be stored in a cool dry area: 80°F (27°C) or below. Keep these inks and coatings away from direct sun light and indirect white light. Do not use these inks and coatings in areas having fluorescent lights overhead. Keep these inks and coatings away from internal heat sources. When stored under recommended conditions, the shelf life of most coatings is expected to be 12 months from date of manufacture.



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Suitability

94-167 RLC Matte Flex Color Shield Coating is suitable for the following processes:

Stacking

Degree of cure, weight of the substrate when stacked, and conditions of the printing environment (e.g. heat and humidity) will affect block resistance. Surface hardness of cured coating film has been optimized for handling, however the printer must assume responsibility for pre-testing and qualifying the parameters for stacking prints prior to each production run.

Cutting

Die-cutting, router cutting, guillotine cutting, and laser cutting.

Heat Bending

Heat bending at 180° angle, inward and outward. High heat exposure may create areas of harder coating surface.

Handling

The use of goggles, gloves, and protective clothing is recommended. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapors. Contact of liquid material with the skin may be irritating; wash exposed area thoroughly with soap and water. Contact of coating with the eyes may cause injury – effects may be delayed; flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes and call a physician. Consult the applicable Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for further instructions and warnings.

Adhesion Testing

Even when using recommended UV energy output levels, it is imperative to check the degree of cure on a completely cooled print.

Weathering / Outdoor Durability

Outdoor durability cannot be specified exactly. Some color change and loss of gloss is to be expected. Variables affecting a print's durability include:

- Coating film thickness
- Degree of curing
- Color formulation
 - Adding large quantities of mixing base or white to any color
 - Mixing several colors to create a specific color
 - Mixing a small amount of any single color with any other color
- Type and age of substrate. The substrate by itself should provide required durability
- Mounting angle or directional orientation
- Geographical location
- Air pollution
- Exposure to excessive abrasion (e.g. brush car washes)
- Non-clear coated prints will exhibit more color change and loss of gloss

We warrant our products to be free from defects in material and workmanship; but because their use is beyond our control, we accept no responsibility of liability for damages, whether direct, indirect, or consequential, resulting from failure in performance. User bears sole responsibility in selecting the appropriate product for their end-use requirements. User is also responsible for testing to determine the selected product will perform during the printed item's entire life-cycle. In cases where our products are found to be defective in material and workmanship, our liability is limited to the purchase price of the products found to be defective.